lock gate in Snell or Eisenhower

(68 Stat. 93-96, 33 U.S.C. 981-990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95-474, 92 Stat. 1471)

[49 FR 30936, Aug. 2, 1984]

§ 401.40 Entering a lock.

- (a) No vessel shall proceed into a lock in such a manner that the stem passes the stop symbol on the lock wall nearest the closed gates.
- (b) Every vessel proceeding into a lock shall be positioned and moored as directed by the officer in charge of the mooring operation.
- (c) No vessel shall use thrusters when passing a lock gate.

(68 Stat. 93–96, 33 U.S.C. 981–990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95–474, 92 Stat. 1471)

[45 FR 52378, Aug. 7, 1980, and 47 FR 51122, Nov. 12, 1982, as amended at 48 FR 20691, May 9, 1983]

§ 401.41 Tandem lockage.

Where two or more vessels are being locked together, vessels astern of the leading vessel shall:

- (a) Come to a full stop a sufficient distance from the preceding vessel to avoid a collision; and
- (b) Be moved into mooring position as directed by the officer in charge of the lock.

§ 401.42 Passing hand lines.

- (a) At locks, hand lines shall be secured to the mooring lines and passed as follows:
- (1) A downbound vessel shall use its own hand lines, secured to the eye at the end of the mooring lines, by means of a bowline, which hand lines shall be passed to the linehandlers at the lock as soon as the vessel passes the open gates;
- (2) Hand lines shall be passed to upbound vessels by the linehandlers as soon as the vessel passes the open gates, and secured, by means of a clove hitch, to the mooring lines 60 cm behind the splice of the eye;
- (3) At Iroquois Lock and Lock 8, Welland Canal, both upbound and downbound vessels shall use their own hand lines as provided in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; and
- (4) Upbound vessels in Locks 4 and 5, Welland Canal, in excess of 218 m shall secure the hand line in the eye of No. 1 mooring wire by means of a bowline.
- (b) Knotted or weighted hand lines shall not be used in the chamber of a lock.
- (c) Mooring lines shall not be passed over the side of a vessel in a manner dangerous to a lock crew.

(68 Stat. 93–96, 33 U.S.C. 981–990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95–474, 92 Stat. 1471)

[39 FR 10900, Mar. 22, 1974, as amended at 47 FR 51122, Nov. 12, 1982; 55 FR 48599, Nov. 21, 1990; 61 FR 19551, May 2, 1996]

§ 401.43 Mooring table.

Unless otherwise directed by an officer, vessels passing through the locks shall moor at the side of the tie-up wall

or lock as shown in the table to this section.

	South Shore		Beauharnois			Wiley-Dondero Iroquois		
	St. Lam- bert	Cote St. Catharine	Lower	Pool	Upper	Snell	Eisen- hower	Iroquois
Locks:								
Upbound	Port	Port	Starboard		Starboard	Starboard	Starboard	Port.
Downbound	Starboard	Starboard	Port		Port	Port	Port	Starboard.
Tieup walls:								
Upbound	do	do	do	Port		Starboard	Starboard	Do.
Downbound	Port	Port		Starboard	Starboard	Port	Port	Port.